National Quality Improvement Conference

Knee Replacement **Transformation Journey from Inpatient to Ambulatory Surgery**

Adj Asst Prof Kelvin Tan Guoping kelvin_tan@ttsh.com.sg



Problem Statement

- one of Singapore busiest tertiary hospitals, TTSH has a perpetually high bed occupancy rates. The COVID-19 Pandemic resulted in worsening bed crunch such that elective operations had to be cancelled.
- In TTSH, the average Length of Stay (LOS) for knee arthroplasty patients averages 5.6 days to 6.2 days from Year 2011 to 2016, compared to 3.9 days in overseas centres¹. Reference
 - 1. Nagra NS, Hamilton TW, Strickland L, Murray DW; BONE Collaborative, Pandit H. Enhanced recovery programmes for lower limb arthroplasty in the UK. Ann R Coll Surg Engl. 2017;99(8):631-636

Project Aim

Reduce length of stay (LOS) for knee arthroplasty from 6.2 days to 3 days over a period of 5 years, with care transformation to ambulatory surgery for knee arthroplasty without compromising safety in terms of readmissions or complication rates.

Lessons Learnt

- Adopting a multi-disciplinary, multi-pronged approach with a focus of patient-centered care.
- Build patient & caregiver confidence through education and establishing social setup.
- Creation of a Day Surgery environment which empowers timely discharge.
- "Wrap-around" support care by leveraging upon nurse clinician teleconsultation, home physiotherapist/nursing and 24 hour help line.
- Building sustainability in the system by establishing clinical leads, continuous training and alignment to system goals.



