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Improving the Rate of Advance Care Plan Completion Among Palliative Medicine Inpatients

Problem Statement

- Advance care planning (ACP) offers a comprehensive discussion about goals-of-care preferences at the end of life, and can be conveyed longitudinally across time and healthcare settings.
- In TTSH, the new ACP completion rate of Palliative Medicine inpatients by the time of discharge or death was only 4.9%.
- Local evidence of a problem worth solving:

Most patients do not express care preferences.	Discrepancies in end-of-life decisions between patients and surrogates in a third of cases.	Low awareness about ACP, but 60% were willing to do ACP after education.	Caregivers feel that ACP is important – respects autonomy, reduces burden in decision-making.	After ACP, >95% felt it was helpful and felt more prepared to make healthcare decisions.
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References:

- Phua J et al. End-of-life care in the general wards of a Singaporean hospital: an Asian perspective. *J Palliat Med.* 2011 Dec; 14(12):1296-301
- Foo AS et al. Discrepancies in end-of-life decisions between elderly patients and their named surrogates. *Ann Acad Med Singap.* 2012 Apr;41(4):141-53
- Ng R et al. An exploratory study of the knowledge, attitudes and perceptions of advance care planning in family caregivers of patients with advanced illness in Singapore. *BMJ Support Palliat Care.* 2013 Sep;3(3):343-8
- Ng QX et al. Awareness and Attitudes of Community-Dwelling Individuals in Singapore towards Participating in Advance Care Planning. *Ann Acad Med Singap.* 2017 Mar;46(3):84-90
- Post-ACP Discussion Satisfaction Survey, TTSH, 2014

Potential Solutions

Root Cause	Intervention	Implementation Date
Goals of care discussion deemed sufficient / Inadequate staff knowledge about ACP	Staff education - briefing to clarify work processes, correct misperceptions, encourage staff to build ACP upon goals of care discussion	Cycle 1: Week 1, Apr '22 Cycle 1A: Week 1, May '22
No organized system to initiate ACP	Introduce ward round / discharge summary templates documenting whether ACP is done or offered, and reasons if not done. Senior staff to oversee screening.	Cycle 2: Week 3, May '22 Cycle 2A: Week 3, Jun '22
No protected time	Introduce periods of protected time for staff to conduct ACP discussions	Cycle 3: Week 1, Jul '22

In October 2022 following a dip in ACP rates, a review to fine-tune processes was undertaken, resulting in the following interventions:

- Ensuring timely access to the AIC-ACP portal for new staff
- Aligning ACP discussion worksheet fields in EPIC with AIC-ACP portal
- Department updates of ACP rates every 3 months
- TigerConnect reminders when rates are low
- Placing a reminder poster in the Palliative ward

Project Aim

To improve the rate of new Advance Care Plan completion among Palliative Medicine inpatients from 4.9% to 40% (stretch goal: 50%) over 6 months

Eligibility criteria:

- Inpatients under Department of Palliative Medicine
- No prior ACP done

Exclusion criteria:

- Patients under Department of Palliative Medicine for 3 days or less

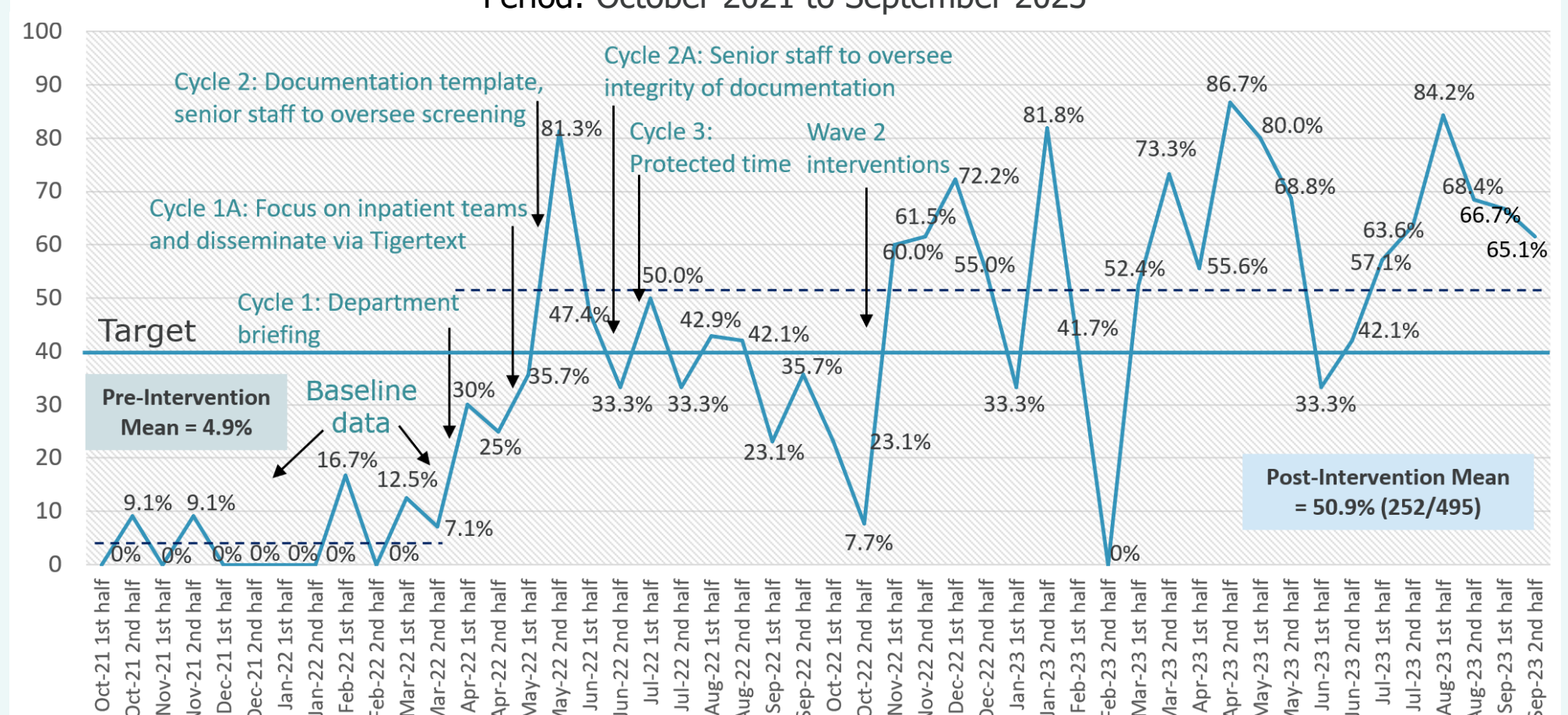
Lessons Learnt

- Involving all stakeholders on various levels helps to identify potential causes and solutions of a problem more comprehensively.
- Changing mindsets and practice culture is challenging but possible with support on all levels.
- Regular sharing of project results with the department is important to motivate staff and continue the culture shift.

Outcomes & Impacts

Percentage of New ACP Completion Among Palliative Medicine Inpatients

Period: October 2021 to September 2023



Note: Excluding patients who had prior ACP done and under Department of Palliative Medicine ≤3 days

- The mean percentage of new ACP completion improved from 4.9% to 44.4% over 4 months. This was sustained at 50.9% up to September 2023, more than one year later.
- GOOD OUTCOME: (i) Patients and families feel heard and valued; (ii) More appropriate level of care aligned with patients' preferences; (iii) Staff are empowered to provide good care.
- COORDINATED CARE: Allows downstream care providers to provide patient-centred, goal-concordant care, in line with the National Strategy for Palliative Care.